

## THE GAZETTE.

JAMESVILLE, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7.

### AN OUTRAGE TO CRIMINALS.

The Christian Union says that the law of New York, by which the contract labor system of that state was abolished, is a blessing, and is worth more than its cost; and then the same paper urges other states to follow the wise example of the state of New York.

It takes a good deal of gall, a humiliating disregard of truth, and a shameless perversion of facts, for the Christian Union to talk in that way. One of the greatest crimes of the legislature of New York ever committed was the abolishment of the contract system in the state prisons. It was a crime against the prisoners, and an outrage on the taxpayers.

Before Dr. Abbott or any other person connected with the editorial staff of the Christian Union, writes on the subject of the moral reform alleged to have been inaugurated by driving out the labor system in the prisons, he should make study of the facts. Only the other day, General Sathrop, one of the prison commissioners of New York, submitted his report to the legislature. It was a gloomy report. It showed a condition of things that should make Robert Ingersoll and Lyman Abbott ashamed of themselves. The dispatch from Albany says:

General Sathrop in his annual report to the legislature says that the last prison year was the most unsatisfactory and most unfortunate that has been experienced in the state for a number of years. The causes exist outside of the prisons. By Chapter 586, laws of 1888, industrial operations were almost wholly suspended, and the increased population of the prisons was doomed to idleness. Two results were inevitable; the minor one, the greatest deficit in years. The other and more serious, the deterioration of the moral condition of the prisoners as a mass, and an unprecedented death rate and unequalled numerical lapses of convicts into idleness.

The prisoners of Auburn prison are in such a demoralized condition that Warden Fuller says the system of keeping the men in idleness is a "sporadic outcrop of the 16th century methods," lacking in charity and Christian spirit. The prisoners are afflicted with what may be called "moral rot." They are dying from disease contracted in idle living, and are becoming insane from self-abuse. This is the "blessing" which Dr. Lyman Abbott says has come to the prisons of New York.

### "A DISGRACE A CENTURY OLD."

The Gazette has received a note from Marion Harland, the well-known writer, in regard to restoring the tomb of the mother of Washington. She is now making an appeal to the women of America to make contributions to not only repair the damage that has been done to the tomb by time and disgraceful neglect of duty, but to rebuild the monument in accordance with the original design.

A little over one hundred years ago Mary Washington was buried in private grounds near Fredericksburg, Virginia. In 1853, the corner stone of an imposing memorial was laid by President Jackson, a patriotic citizen of New York assumed the pious task, single-handed, but meeting with financial disaster, was compelled to abandon it.

Marion Harland says truly—in her appeal to the mothers and daughters of America to erect a fitting monument to her who gave our country a father—that "the sun shines upon no sadder ruin in the length and breadth of our land, than this unfinished structure."

The publishers of the Home-Maker, of which Marion Harland is the editor, offer, as their contribution to the good cause, seventy-five cents out of every annual subscription of two dollars to the magazine sent in during the next six months. Every such subscription must be accompanied by the words, "For Mary Washington Monument."

For fifty-seven years this "monument" has been a state of neglect. The "burial" to the battle field of Fredericksburg strays upon a neglected enclosure, without the gray walls of which is the unfinished memorial sketches for this paper. Cattle graze about the base; it is discolored by time and weather; the relic-hunter's hammer has been busy with the shell-fragments; the stately shaft that should bear aloft the bust of the sleeper's ugliest and the national emblem, lies here and there in the earth.

This appeal will touch the patriotic hearts of the women of this country; and the "home-dwellers" of America, who work heart to heart in all good movements, will soon rebuild the Mary Washington monument, and thus wipe out, what Marion Harland calls, the disgrace of a century.

### DAKOTA NEEDS AID.

On the local page of this impression of the Gazette will be found some information in regard to soliciting aid for the sufferers of South Dakota. Judge D. O. Briggs, of Ipswich, who has been a resident of Edmunds county since 1883, is in the city to represent the needs of the suffering people of his county. He comes here, as he goes elsewhere, endorsed by Governor Mallett and other prominent people of the state, and whatever money or clothing is given under his solicitation, will be promptly and religiously distributed among the families of Edmunds county who are in sore distress.

The condition of things in his county as illustrated by Judge Briggs should touch the practical sympathy of all people. The winter upon the people there, and in hundreds of cases they are without clothing and fuel for themselves, feed for the work-horse, and seed for the spring time. There is very little or no money among the people, for the crops have been almost a total failure. The wheat crop of Edmunds county last year did not average but a little over one

bushel an acre. Corn was not much better, and other cereals were likewise a failure.

An appeal from sufferers of this kind will touch the hearts and open the pocket books of our citizens. The generosity of the American people and their warm impulsive spirit when disaster comes to any section of the country, are the admiration of the world; and in the present call for help will be responded to with a promptness of generous giving, which will meet the exigencies of the case.

"If I was a member of the house, and I wish I was, I would walk down in front of that man Reed and I would say to him: 'You dare to vote me and put my name on that record; you dare to name me and cast a stigma upon a representative of this body and I will make it a personal matter with you, you dirty peepers, and when you leave that chair I will hold you accountable for it, and I would deny the right of the clerk of the house to record me as present in this house without my name or my voice having been in this house. If Reed was in his seat to-day, and if the men in their seats would have the nerve to stand up against this man, who, I know, is at least a brutal coward, or else he would not play such a bluff game, that fight, would have been won two days ago.'"

This paragraph is from the distinguished tongue of that noted blather-skite, J. B. O. Blackburn, of Kentucky. Any one who is acquainted with the reputation of this Kentuckian, will not be surprised at his words. They are such as he would naturally utter. They not only show a venomous spirit, but a determination to misrepresent the facts. Neither Blackburn nor any other democrat can show wherein the ruling of Speaker Reed was wrong in principle, opposed to common sense, bad parliamentary law, tyrannical in character, or unjust to the minority.

It was simply deciding that when there was a majority in the house there was a quorum. No democrat has yet proved that the speaker was wrong. The democrats content themselves by denouncing him for making it because it prevented them from blocking legislation.

There does not seem to be much hope that Representative Randall will ever be able to again take his seat in congress. He is gradually failing so that hope among his friends seems to be abandoned. Mr. Randall will leave his family in a financially poor condition. He has been in congress many years, but his property has not grown, and the fact that he pours the truth of the statement that he is an honest man in public affairs. A Washington dispatch says that his associates in congress who came to Washington after Mr. Randall did, and who have had no known occupation of profit outside of their public duty, here have become wealthy. The reward which it is proposed to raise for Mr. Randall is said to have already reached the sum of \$50,000. The plan is to increase it so that income will furnish a comfortable maintenance and put it at interest in trusts.

Andrew Carnegie, the great steel manufacturer, offers to give a million dollars to establish a central free library in Pittsburgh, if the city will maintain it. If all successful manufacturers were so generous in the expenditure of money for the public good, there would be fewer strikes by workmen, and less discontent in the great industrial army of the country. Mr. Carnegie not only gives working people free reading, but he gives his workmen a share in the profits of his establishment.

Ninety-three thousand Englishmen came to this country in 1889. There is a tummy appearance about this fact. Will Mr. Gladstone explain why so many thousand people quit the paradise of free trade and come to this country where protection is doing so much harm? During that year 22,000 English emigrated to Canada, and 23,000 English went to Australia.

The Pacific Express Robber was in Kansas City Last Monday.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 7.—F. A. Walton, who, it is alleged, robbed the Pacific Express company at Dallas, Texas, of \$35,000, was in this city on Monday. Upon his arrival at the union depot on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas road, at 5:30 p. m., he jumped into a carriage and went to a cigar store owned by William Smith, who was employed by Wells, Fargo & Co. at the same time Walton was in their employ. He told Smith that he was in trouble and asked him to go to the union depot with him. Smith could not leave his business at the time, and they parted to meet at the Pacific hotel that evening. After dinner Smith's wife came to his store and to her they went, telling him, his previous engagement with Walton being entirely forgotten. Wednesday morning he went to the Pacific hotel, but Walton was not there. Yesterday Smith read of the robbery in the newspapers and immediately communicated with Superintendent Johnson of the Pacific express company.

The clerk of the Pacific hotel says that Walton was at the hotel Monday night. He left under rather peculiar circumstances. He did not settle the bill at the desk, but gave the money to the cabman who drove him from the hotel, supplying to the station and told him to hand it to the clerk. To the clerk he said he was going to St. Louis.

Gov. Fleming Inaugurated.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 7.—Gov. A. B. Fleming was inaugurated at the main entrance to the State House. The air was cold and the attendance was not large. Republicans, and especially Republican members of the legislature, absented themselves. In his inaugural address the Governor defended his contest for the Governorship. In the evening there was a brilliant reception at the State house, followed by a ball.

THEY MAKE ONE FEEL as though life was worth living. Take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills after eating; it will relieve dyspepsia, aid digestion, give tone and vigor to the system.

Fear's soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

## ANOTHER MINE HORROR.

Terrible Explosion of Gas in a Colliery at Monmouthshire, in Wales.

THREE HUNDRED MEN ENTOMBED IN THE EARTH.

The Death List Will Probably Reach 150.—The Plot Against Prince Ferdinand—Old World News.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—An explosion occurred to-day in a colliery at Aberchry, in Monmouthshire, ten miles northwest of Newport. Three hundred miners were imprisoned and for several hours no communication could be had with them. An opening was finally effected, and at noon 200 men had been rescued. A number of those taken out are severely injured. Rescuing parties are still searching for those remaining in the mine.

It is feared that it will be impossible to rescue the miners who are still imprisoned. The cause of the explosion was the flooding of pits adjacent to that in which the explosion occurred. By flooding these pits gas was dislodged and forced into the pit where work was in progress, and there it was ignited and exploded. There must have been a great quantity of gas, as the explosion had tremendous force. It was heard a distance of a mile. All the gearing in the shaft was thrown into the air as if from the mouth of a volcano, and simultaneously a vast, bright volume of flame shot upward, followed by a dense, heavy column of smoke.

The first party of rescuers organized endeavored to penetrate the pit through the old workings. They got far enough to be able to see groups of dead men, but could not reach them, and were compelled to retreat by the suffocating volumes of smoke that rose in every direction. As soon as there was a diminution in the volume of smoke the rescuers went down the main shaft and reached the scene of the catastrophe.

The place was choked with dead bodies, not much more than half the entombed miners being still alive. The survivors were hurried out as rapidly as possible, and then the work of recovering the dead bodies was begun. At this writing ninety corpses have been recovered, and it is estimated that the death list will amount to 150.

THE PLOT AGAINST FERDINAND.

Had Everything Prepared to Kill the Bulgarian Prince.

SOFIA, Feb. 7.—It is now proved that Mal. Panitz had all things prepared for the assassination of the prince during the ball on Saturday and that the plot was to kill Prince Ferdinand at that time. The plot was discovered in consequence of a quarrel among the conspirators as to who should succeed to the throne. Panitz favored the restoration of Alexander, but others, regarding Alexander as no better than Ferdinand from the Russian point of view, wished to leave this subject to the czar.

VIENNA, Feb. 7.—M. Kalopok, a merchant of Rostuchuk and formerly a Russian officer, has been arrested for complicity in the Panitz conspiracy. He is believed to be the agent through whom the Russian legation in Bucharest acted with the conspirators.

### BI-METALLISM IN ENGLAND.

Four Million Pounds Sterling of Silver Notes to Be Issued.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The report that England was about to take the first step in bi-metalism is confirmed by the information which has reached your correspondent. Four million pounds sterling of £1 silver notes have been or are being printed, and these do not follow the old idea of being based on bullion but on the foundation of minted coin. The government will make a profit by this of nearly 35 per cent, certainly amounting to over £1,000,000 sterling. The prevailing impression is that Mr. Goschen will utilize this to call in the present large stock of under-weight sovereigns with which the banks are now lumbered.

### France Wants More Funds.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—M. Rouvier, minister of finance, appeared before the budget committee of the Chamber of Deputies regarding the necessity of finding fresh resources in order to secure financial equilibrium. His remarks indicated that the issue of a new loan by the government was imminent. The government, he said, had resolved to ask the country to make good sacrifices for the expenses of the nation. M. Tirard, the prime minister, also spoke in a similar strain.

### Applying the Receipts.

BERLIN, Feb. 7.—The progress papers applied the tone of the Emperor's receipts to Prince Bismarck and Baron von Reichebach, the new Prussian minister of commerce, in regard to the grievances of the workmen, but the press generally is reticent in its comments.

Dockmen Don't Want to Strike.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The committee of the Dock Laborers' union is making arrangements for a general strike on Monday. Many of the men are averse to striking again, and the action of the committee causes much discontent.

### Debts of Nearly \$500,000.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—James McHenry passed the bankruptcy examination to-day. His unsecured debts amount to £5,082 and his secured debts to £28,476. He has a large surplus of assets available for realization.

The Pope's Brother Dying.

ROME, Feb. 7.—Cardinal Pecci, brother of the Pope, who is suffering from pneumonia, is dying.

### Foreign Notes.

GOV.-GEN. SALAMCA of Cuba is dangerously ill and the vice-Governor General has assumed command of the island.

THE Pope has ordered his Bishops, where influenza has been, to let the people eat what they choose without restraint.

MARTIN MUELLER, the man who attempted to shoot Prince William of Wurtemberg last October, has been placed in an insane asylum.

ITALIAN PREMIER CRISPI presented a bill to provide a pension of \$60,000 to the widow of the Duke of Acosta and \$30,000 each to the first, second and third sons.

THE Lisbon municipal authorities have given 100 contos to the national defense fund. The Archbishop has directed the clergy to collect funds for this purpose in every parish.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR EYES.

Dr. B. MINOR, the eminent oculist of Detroit, Mich., will visit every town in this county during the winter. Any one suffering with weak eyes, or eyes abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. One visit at the post-office will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examining or visiting patients at their homes.

## DIARY OF A PLANET.

The directors of the Chicago & West Michigan railroad have declared a dividend of 1 per cent.

Mrs. PETER DUMPER, residing near Muscatine, Iowa, has given birth to triplets and all are doing well.

MAYOR GRANT, of New York, has made his secretary, T. G. T. Crain, a bright young lawyer, city chamberlain, at \$25,000 salary a year.

PROCEEDINGS have been begun to disbar L. A. Tabor of Lawton, Mich., an old practitioner. Deceit, extortion, malpractice, and misconduct are among the charges made.

H. W. LONGLEY is still missing from Cincinnati. His physician says he is undoubtedly insane, as he was possessed with the delusion that he had contracted a contagious disease.

THE new chapel of the Soldiers' Orphans' home at Bloomington, Ill., will be dedicated on March 4, having been completed at a cost of \$66,000. Room has been made for eighty additional inmates.

W. A. DUNNINGTON with car No. 2 of the United States fish commission is en route to Michigan, where he will place 500,000 whitefish in the Detroit river and distribute several hundred thousand trout among the streams of northern Michigan.

### Sundry Miscellany.

JOHN NICHOLAS, while drunk, fell from a train at West Liberty, Iowa, and died soon after.

AT Lockport, N. Y., Mrs. E. Dockery, a widow, tipped over a lamp, setting fire to her clothes. She ran outdoors and jumped into a tub of water, but was fatally burned.

A BOAT containing three men capsized in a squall near Melville Garden, Downer's Landing, Mass. Richard Remington clung to the boat and was saved, but Augustus Higgins and Dennis McAniff were drowned.

### Obituary.

EDMUND WILLIAM COLLIER, president of the Bank of America, is dead at New York.

COUNTESS FANNY KEATS LEANO, sister of the poet, John Keats, died in Madrid, aged 83 years.

DANIELSON C. ROSE, a prominent physician, died at LaPorte, Ind., of Old-Fellow's disease. He was Mayor of LaPorte at one time, and was a prominent candidate for Congress prior to the last election.

### Washington Gossip.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL MILLER has decided that "No Man's Land" is included in the Eastern judicial district of Texas.

THE Senate has passed the bill extending for two years the time for constructing a bridge across the Missouri river at Burlington and the House joint resolution appropriating \$75,000 for the relief of Chippewa Indians in Wisconsin.

### Criminal Notes.

FRANK HUGH of Yanketown, Wis., was shot through the head and instantly killed. He leaves a wife and child, in whose presence the deed was committed.

WANTS the family of J. B. Perkins, of Cleveland, Ohio, were at dinner, a thief climbed upon the front porch, and gaining an entrance to the house stole a jewelry box containing \$4,000 worth of diamonds and \$75 in cash.

### Carnegie Will Give Pittsburgh a Library.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 7.—Andrew Carnegie has offered to spend not less than \$1,000,000 for a central free library and branches for the city of Pittsburgh, provided the city will maintain them. The free library of Allegheny City, on which Mr. Carnegie has expended over \$300,000, will be opened by President Harrison next week.

### THE MARKETS.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—GRAINS.—Unsettled. WHEAT—Opened strong and higher, but reacted, closed at 77 1/2¢. No. 2 regular, February 74 1/2¢, May 78 1/2¢, closing at 74 1/2¢; July 77 1/2¢, closing at 77 1/2¢. CORN—Heavy; unchanged, No. 2 February 23 1/2¢, May 24 1/2¢, July 24 1/2¢. OATS—Easy; No. 2 February 21¢, May 22 1/2¢, July 22 1/2¢. RYE—Dull; by sample, No. 2 23 1/2¢, March 24 1/2¢, May 24 1/2¢, No. 2 23 1/2¢.

LIVE STOCK.—Receipts of cattle 14,000; slow and unchanged. Receipts of hogs 25,000; in fair demand, with little or no change as compared with yesterday. Packers paid \$6.00 to \$6.25, and shippers \$5.50 to \$6. Light sorts \$5.50 to \$5.75. Receipts of sheep 12,000, and outside of a few lots of fancy, about everything sold 15 to 20 cents lower.

PROVISIONS.—Lower. PORK—February 23 1/2¢, March 24 1/2¢, May 24 1/2¢, July 24 1/2¢, September 24 1/2¢, December 24 1/2¢. LARD—February 23 1/2¢, March 24 1/2¢, May 24 1/2¢, July 24 1/2¢, September 24 1/2¢, December 24 1/2¢. BUTTER—February 23 1/2¢, March 24 1/2¢, May 24 1/2¢, July 24 1/2¢, September 24 1/2¢, December 24 1/2¢.

### Wait Street.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—First prices were rather slightly higher to-day. While the market was somewhat improved over last night's figures, a reaction occurred toward the end of the day and at the time the market was fairly active and rather heavy, but still generally at small fractions better than the opening prices. After 1 o'clock the same few stocks were still leaders in the dealers and again presented a strong tone. At noon the market was quiet and steady to firm at about the best prices of the day.

Money is easy at 2 1/2 per cent. Bar silver, 94 1/2.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—WHEAT—Slow and steady at 74 1/2¢; December 75 1/2¢, July 77 1/2¢, August 78 1/2¢, September 79 1/2¢, October 80 1/2¢, November 81 1/2¢, December 82 1/2¢, January 83 1/2¢, February 84 1/2¢, March 85 1/2¢, April 86 1/2¢, May 87 1/2¢, June 88 1/2¢, July 89 1/2¢, August 90 1/2¢, September 91 1/2¢, October 92 1/2¢, November 93 1/2¢, December 94 1/2¢, January 95 1/2¢, February 96 1/2¢, March 97 1/2¢, April 98 1/2¢, May 99 1/2¢, June 100 1/2¢, July 101 1/2¢, August 102 1/2¢, September 103 1/2¢, October 104 1/2¢, November 105 1/2¢, December 106 1/2¢, January 107 1/2¢, February 108 1/2¢, March 109 1/2¢, April 110 1/2¢, May 111 1/2¢, June 112 1/2¢, July 113 1/2¢, August 114 1/2¢, September 115 1/2¢, October 116 1/2¢, November 117 1/2¢, December 118 1/2¢, January 119 1/2¢, February 120 1/2¢, March 121 1/2¢, April 122 1/2¢, May 123 1/2¢, June 124 1/2¢, July 125 1/2¢, August 126 1/2¢, September 127 1/2¢, October 128 1/2¢, November 129 1/2¢, December 130 1/2¢, January 131 1/2¢, 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*Good morning!*  
"Paris Exposition, 1889."

Pears obtained the only gold medal awarded solely for toilet SOAP in competition with all the world. Highest possible distinction."

## The Best Investment

IN JANESVILLE.

Everybody Has a Quarter to Invest

See what it will buy at

## THE MAGNET

A good shoe brush and brush and box of blacking	25c
A good water pail and dipper	25c
A good hair brush and comb	25c
Three pairs ladies' fast black hose	25c
One pair extra fine fast black hose	25c
Six balls best glycerine soap	25c
Seven spools of Coats Thread	25c
Light glass plates	25c
A good Lamp, complete	25c
One copy Robert Elsmere and a cake of soap	25c
One oz. of fine perfume in fancy bottle	25c
Two face handkerchiefs	25c
A Caster and fancy sauce dish	25c
Three Earthenware dairy pans	25c
Six goblets	25c
Six tumblers	25c
Two good packs playing cards	25c
A good milk strainer and milk pan	25c
One fancy sauce dish and six saucers	25c
1-4 ream note paper, one package envelopes 1-2 dozen lead pencils, penholder and pen	25c
Three large tablets	25c

These are a few of the investments

we are offering; we also have

Bargains in Ribbons,  
Bargains in Corsets,  
Bargains in Hosiery,  
Bargains in Silk Hankerchiefs

IN FACT BARGAINS IN EVERY LINE

FINE LINE OF NOVELTY BRAIDS,  
FINE LINE OF EMBROIDERY SILKS,  
FINE LINE OF SCHOOL GOODS,  
FINE LINE OF PERFUMERY,  
FINE LINE OF NOVELTIES,  
FINE LINE OF TINWARE,  
FINE LINE HOUSE-KEEPING SUPPLIES.

OUR LINE OF

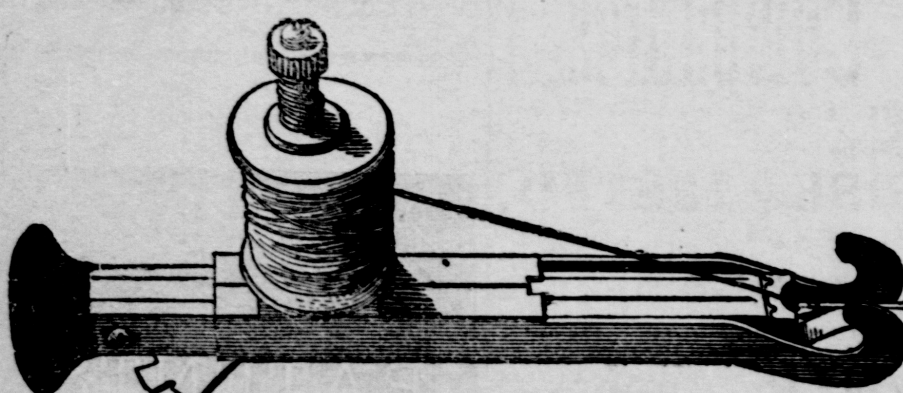
Crockery, Glassware and Lamps

speaks for itself. See what it has to say:

For perfect, good goods we sell closer than anyone in Janesville. You can have no idea what a complete line we carry until you see it.

The finest and purest BLACK TEA in Janesville, for 50 cents a pound.

The Hand Embroiderer



We have the exclusive agency for the city and county for this little machine, which accomplishes more work in one hour than can be done in ten hours by hand, and the work is equally as fine. We have samples of the work on exhibition, in velvet, silk and worsted. The machines have always sold for \$3.00. Our price is \$1.00. Don't forget to call at

### THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

#### REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES.

Prospect of the Early Adoption of a Code for the House—The Tracy Inquest.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The Democrats in the House carried out their policy of protest against the rulings of the Speaker by declining to vote upon the question of approving the journal. This instrument was, however, approved by a vote of yeas 153, nays 0—the constitutional quorum being counted by the Speaker. Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, from the committee on rules, reported the new code of rules and it was ordered printed and recommitted.

A large number of bills were presented to the House and referred to their appropriate committees.

A bill was reported from the committee on naval affairs and passed which appropriates \$112,000 to be expended in connection with the loss of property and life upon the United States vessels at Samoa in the storm which occurred there in May, 1889.

Mr. Enloe offered a resolution providing for the printing for distribution of 5,000 additional copies of the bills to suppress trusts and gambling in agricultural products. Mr. Enloe spoke at considerable length in support of his proposition and the resolution was passed.

Congressman Dorsey introduced a bill providing for the issue of \$300,000,000 of 2 per cent bonds payable at the pleasure of the government. The bill provides that the holders of 4 per cent bonds may exchange their bonds for these 2 per cent bonds by estimating the present worth of their bonds at the rate of 2 per cent per annum until due and payable.

The House passed a substitute for the Senate "disability" pension bill. The substitute makes the rate of pension for total disability—where the pensioner requires the regular personal aid and attendance of another person—\$73 a month. When the pensioner is disqualified for manual labor, and is only partially dependent upon attendants, the rate is fixed at \$50 a month.

After a number of unimportant measures had been acted upon the House adjourned.

The Senate. WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—In the Senate, after the introduction of a few measures, the morning business was quickly finished and the calendar was taken up. Senator Platt then called up the bill to provide a temporary government for Oklahoma. The discussion of the amendments offered to the Oklahoma bill consumed the time of the Senate until 2 o'clock, when Senator Blair continued his speech on the educational bill.

The Senate then went into executive session. The following are among the confirmations announced: Elihu Coleman, United States attorney for the Eastern district of Wisconsin; B. K. Bruce, recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia.

In the executive session of the Senate the Samoan treaty was again discussed. Two motions made by Senator Edmunds were tabled whereupon Mr. Edmunds asked to be excused from further service on the committee on foreign relations.

#### THREE CONVENTIONS.

Sessions of the National Guard Association, Shipping League and Colored Men.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The National Guard association resumed its session this morning, taking up the discussion of propositions for the national encampment in connection with the United States military forces, and other subjects bearing on the condition of the organizations in various States.

At noon the convention adjourned since the members called in a body upon the President, the Secretary of War, and the General of the Army, by whom they were cordially received.

The National Shipping league resumed its session and spent the morning considering the measures looking toward national aid for ship-building and ocean-carrying industries.

The national convention of representatives of the colored race resumed its session to-day, making slow progress, however, with the consideration of the subjects before it. An enactment of the election law to protect colored voters and the passage of the Blair bill or some measure of the same character was urged by the speakers.

The delegates called at the White House in the afternoon and were received by the President. Chairman Price made a short address. The President responded briefly, and called attention to his former utterances on the race question to show that his views were in accord with theirs. The delegates were then presented and withdrew.

The convention adopted resolutions opposing the proposed forced emigration of colored people to Africa; favoring the passage of the Blair educational bill and of a law placing Federal elections under Federal control; also of a law to reimburse the depositors of the Freedman's Savings bank, and demanding that the Interstate commerce law be amended so as to nullify the action of certain States that require separate cars for white and colored passengers on railroads.

A resolution that no officer should be eligible to election as an officer of the convention was voted down.

#### THE TRACY INQUEST.

No Light Shed on the Origin of the Fire.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Secretary Tracy passed a quiet and restful night and is reported considerably better.

Coroner Patterson held an inquest to investigate the Tracy catastrophe. Fire Marshal Dew, Chief Harris, and other firemen being the jury.

From an explosion of a coal oil lamp while Building Inspector Entwistle held to the theory that the disaster was caused by gas escaping and exploding.

The jury decided that Mrs. and Miss Tracy and the French maid came to their death by fire, the origin of which could not be ascertained, and that the fire department did all that was possible under the circumstances.

Sherman and Halstead Testify.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Before the ballot-box investigating committee Senator Sherman testified that he had never seen or signed the alleged ballot-box contract. Editor Halstead, of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, detailed the way in which the document was brought to attention, the reason he had for believing it was genuine and what his plans were as to its publication and use in the campaign. His testimony was listened to with great interest, but he recited no important facts not already known.

#### THE DETROIT BRIDGE SCHEME.

An Adverse Report by the Senate Committee on Commerce.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The Senate committee on commerce unanimously voted to report adversely Senator McMillan's bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the river at Detroit.

Senator Reagan made an argument in favor of the scheme to spend \$80,000 in making a deep water harbor at Galveston. A sub-committee, consisting of Senators Frye, Vest and Coke, was appointed to draft a bill and report to the full committee.

To Assist in Railroad Suits.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The Attorney General has appointed G. N. Barker of St. Paul, Minn., a temporary assistant to the district attorney for the St. Paul district, for the purpose of aiding in the

St. Paul and the Northern Pacific railroad. Mr. Barker was formerly district attorney at St. Paul.

#### Nominations.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—The President has sent to the Senate the following nominations: Paris Kilbourne, to be Surveyor of Customs at San Francisco. To be Collector of Customs: Allison Bard, District of Boston and Charleston, Mass.; Frank A. Vaughan, at Saluria, Tex.; James V. Remick, to be District United States Attorney for the District of New Hampshire.

A Receiver Ships with the Cash.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—J. C. Jewell, receiver of the Washington and Georgetown Street Railway company, has disappeared with \$1,650 of the company's money. He has left no trace of his whereabouts. He is about 35 years of age and a member of a respectable family.

#### HOPE FOR THE ANARCHISTS.

Their Case to Be Taken Before the United States Supreme Court.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 7.—The famous case which culminated in the hanging of the Anarchists is to be taken before the United States Supreme court for review. Lawyer Moses Salomon of Chicago has achieved this sensational victory for the revolutionists. He has been identified with the case from the start and indefatigable in his efforts to find some loophole for getting his clients—Neebe, Fielden and Schwab—out of the penitentiary. For months he has been working to secure an amendment of the record to show that the prisoners were not present in the Supreme court when the judgment of the lower court which inflicted the death penalty, was affirmed.

When Lawyer Salomon returned to Chicago last night he carried with him an order from the chief justice of the Supreme court granting a writ of error from the United States Supreme court to the Supreme court of Illinois for the purpose of allowing the case to again go before the court for review. Salomon's contention is that the prisoners were deprived of a constitutional right by not being permitted to be present when the court passed sentence upon them. The court has refused to allow an amendment of the record, but not being satisfied apparently that a federal question is not involved has consented to the federal court finally determining the matter. The case will come up for hearing at Washington during the October term of court.

#### THE MONTANA SENATE.

Democratic Members Absenting Themselves Ordered Arrested.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 7.—After the adjournment of the Senate yesterday afternoon the eight Democratic Senators, incensed at the ruling of Lieut. Gov. Rickards in counting the present, took trains in different directions. They said they were going beyond the State line to get out of the reach of the Sergeant-at-Arms. Their continued absence will block all legislation.

The eight Republican Senators met and passed resolutions imposing a series of heavy fines upon members absent without leave and authorizing Lieut. Gov. Rickards to issue warrants for the arrest of the eight Democrats who left their seats. Rickards then sent telegrams to all the sheriffs of the State instructing them to arrest the Democratic Senators on sight.

The sheriff of Dawson county, acting under the instructions, arrested Senator Beckler at Glendive and lodged him in jail at that place. As soon as the news of Beckler's arrest reached this city his lawyer started for Glendive and will endeavor to secure his release by habeas corpus. The proceeding has caused intense excitement among the Democrats of Montana, and if an attempt is made to take Beckler into the Senate chamber against his will there will be bloodshed.

#### WIRES RENDERED HARMLESS.

Invention of a Milwaukee Man, Which Has Been Successfully Tested.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 7.—S. D. Smith, a lineman of the Postal Telegraph company of this city, has perfected an apparatus calculated to obviate the danger from broken electric wires, which will render the operation of overhead wires and street railways and electric light wires perfectly harmless. A public test was made last evening with the wires of the Badger Light company and proved entirely satisfactory. Wires were broken while a strong current was passing through them, and handled by many citizens afterward with no bad results, though the dynamo continued to run. The young man has filed a caveat in the patent office for his invention.

#### Passed by the New York Senate.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 7.—The vote by which the World's fair bill was lost yesterday was to-day, by a unanimous vote, reconsidered in the Senate, and the measure was finally passed by a vote of 18 to 5.

#### Heavy Snow-Storm in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 7.—Advises from central and southwestern Kansas say that a heavy snow is falling, covering the ground three inches deep. This will prove of great benefit to the wheat crop.

#### A Haunted House.

This body of ours has been likened to a tenement. It often has a haunted apartment—the stomach. Scared by the old rich sprits, dyspepsia, digestion flies and refuses to return. What ails the soul, what can raise the ban laid upon the unhappy organs? We answer unhesitatingly, Hostetter's Stomach Bitter, and we are warranted in the response by the recorded testimony of myriads covering a period of over a third of a century. A course of the Bitter, begun in any stage of the affliction, and persistently followed, will terminate in cure positive, not partial. The Bitter restores tone to the epigastric nerve, renews and purifies the juices exuding from the cellular tissue that set upon the food digestively, expels bile from the stomach and the blood, and promotes a regular habit of body. Malaria, indigestion, nervousness, rheumatism and neuralgia give way to this medicine.

#### Example and Precept.

Angry Father—See here, Johnny, your mother tells me that you have been smoking cigarettes. Frightened boy—I smoked only one, sir.

"You smoked one! I've a great mind to take you into the woodshed and give you a flogging."

"I won't do it again, father."

"Well, I'll let you off this time seeing that you promise not to do it again. But mind you keep your promise. Now go and bring me my pipe and tobacco pouch. Smoking cigarettes! The thought of it!"

#### His Only Escape.

The Terror was in trouble again and as he creased the floor of his knickerbockers he seemed sunk in thought. Considering it a good time to make an impression his father said:

"Do you realize what a bad boy you've been?"

"Yes, sir. But that wasn't what I was thinking about. Papa" (suddenly) "why don't you rob a bank or something?"

"What do you mean, sir?"

"So you would have to go to Canada and—stay there."

THAT TIRED, LANGUID FEELING and dull headache is very disagreeable. Take two of Carter's Liver Pills before retiring.

#### Hanton Issues a Challenge.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 7.—Edward Hanton announces that he will row any man in the world on the waters of the St. Louis bay at Duluth for the world's championship. This was brought out by the success of the Duluth Boat club in raising a purse of \$10,000 for an international professional regatta here next August, to which \$5,000 will be added for a race for the single-scul world's championship.

#### California's New Assistant Bishop.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 7.—The Rev. W. F. Nichols has been elected assistant Bishop of California by the Episcopal diocese in session at San Francisco. He is the rector of St. James church of this city. Mr. Nichols is now in his 43d year. In June, 1888, he was elected assistant Bishop of the Ohio diocese, but he declined that office.

#### Powderly Strikes Back at Callaghan.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Feb. 7.—General Master Workman Powderly has instituted a suit for criminal libel against the Hon. Edward Callaghan of Scotland. A warrant for Callaghan's arrest will be issued immediately. This case grows out of matter written by Callaghan during his recent trouble with Powderly.

#### An Arizona Stage Robbery.

FLORENCE, Ariz., Feb. 7.—The down stage was this morning held up by masked Mexicans about twelve miles from Florence. The Wells-Fargo express box was taken. It is not known how much was secured. The mails were not disturbed. A posse has been organized for pursuit.

MAKE NO MISTAKE—If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion and preparation, curative power superior to any other article of the kind before the people. For all affections arising from impure blood or low state of the system it is unequalled. Be sure to get Hood's.

Money to loan by D. Conger.

#### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a peculiar medicine. It is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pilewort, Juniper Berries, and other well-known and valuable vegetable remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative power not possessed by other medicines. It effects remarkable cures where other preparations fail.

#### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best blood purifier before the public. It eradicates every impurity, and cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, General Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, and builds up the system. Sold by druggists, \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

#### Hood's Sarsaparilla

100 Doses One Dollar

#### S. O. BURNHAM & CO.

#### ORGANS,

#### BUSH GERTS

#### PIANOS.

REPAIRING & NEATLY DONE.

DEALERS IN Musical Merchandise

NO. 18 EAST MILWAUKEE ST. JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN

#### J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

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Successors to Mark Ripley.

24 of the Oldest and Most Trustworthy Insurance Co's

In the world represented at this agency. The Oldest in the city.

Policies Written at the Lowest Possible Rates.

Over No. 10, East Milwaukee Street.

J. C. METCALF,

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## WARM WEATHER DID IT!

OVERSTOCKED.

\$10,000 Surplus Stock

OF MEN'S BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S

Suits, Overcoats, and Underwear

To be closed out at manufacturers' cost and below

FOR - THE - NEXT - THIRTY - DAYS.

I have this day placed on separate tables in my store the above amount of surplus stock, which I propose to close

REGARDLESS OF COST!

This is not old trash, but simply

AN OVERSTOCK OF NEW GOODS!

All manufactured expressly for me this season by such manufacturers as Henry W. King & Co., the largest manufacturers of Fine Clothing in the world.

This Is Your Chance

To buy good, straight goods at less than value. Call early and secure the best bargains, as this sale will positively not last longer than 30 days.







